

Product Datasheet

SYR-472 succinate

Catalog No. **BP-01829** · CAS **1029877-94-8** · Form **free base** · Physical state **solid** · Color **White to off-white** · Version **1.0** · Revision **2026-09-08**

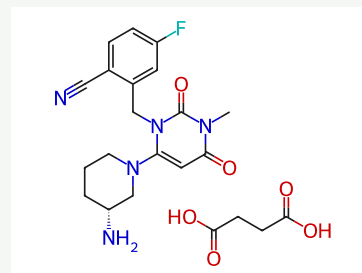
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Target Dipeptidyl Peptidase	Research area Metabolic Disease
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Molecular formula **C₂₂H₂₆FN₅O₆**

Molecular weight **475.4701**

STRUCTURE



DESCRIPTION

Trelagliptin (SYR-472) succinate is a potent, orally active and highly selective DPP-4 inhibitor with an IC₅₀ of 4 nM. Trelagliptin succinate improves glycemic control in vivo and can be used for the study of type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM).

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

In Vitro

Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) is one of the widely explored novel targets for type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) strategy to preserve the endogenous glucagon like peptide (GLP)-1 activity by inhibiting the DPP-4 action. Trelagliptin exhibits potent inhibitory activity toward DPP-4 prepared from Caco-2 cells with an IC₅₀ value of 5.4 nM. Trelagliptin also inhibits human, dog, and rat plasma DPP-4 activity with IC₅₀ values of 4.2 nM, 6.2 nM, and 9.7 nM, respectively. Trelagliptin is highly selective for DPP-4 and displays IC₅₀ values >100,000 nM corresponding to >10,000-fold selectivity over DPP-2, DPP-8, DPP-9, PEP and FAPα activities. Trelagliptin shows DPP4 selective about 4- and 12-fold more potent than alogliptin (HY-A0023) and sitagliptin (HY-13749), respectively.

In Vivo

Trelagliptin (oral gavage; 7 mg/kg; single dose) shows sustained PD effect in dogs and gives >80% inhibition of DPP-4 activity even after 24h.

Trelagliptin (oral gavage; 3 mg/kg; single dose; 60 min prior to oral glucose) significantly improves the glucose tolerance capacity by decreasing the AUC_{0–120min} of 19.3% compared with the vehicle group in ob/ob mice.

Trelagliptin (oral gavage; 10 mg/kg; once a week; 8 weeks) caused significant reductions in fasting blood glucose (FBG) levels, and the average reduction during the entire treatment period is 16.8% compared to the control. It also increases insulin level and raised it by 1.7-fold in AUC_{0–120min} in ob/ob mice.

SOLUBILITY

Soluble in DMSO/water

REFERENCES

- [1]. Bhumika D Patel, et al. Recent approaches to medicinal chemistry and therapeutic potential of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitors. *Eur J Med Chem.* 2014 Mar 3;74:574-605.
- [2]. Charles E Grimshaw, et al. Trelagliptin (SYR-472, Zafatek), Novel Once-Weekly Treatment for Type 2 Diabetes, Inhibits Dipeptidyl Peptidase-4 (DPP-4) via a Non-Covalent Mechanism. *PLoS One.* 2016 Jun 21;11(6):e0157509.
- [3]. Shiliang Li, et al. Discovery of a Natural-Product-Derived Preclinical Candidate for Once-Weekly Treatment of Type 2 Diabetes. *J Med Chem.* 2019 Mar 14;62(5):2348-2361.
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Tel: +86 20 31130026 · Fax: +86 20 36822386 · tech@biochemprobe.com · www.biochemprobe.com

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